THE

North-China Herald.

VOL. VIII., N°. 407. SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858. PRICE, TAELS 15 P ANNUM.

INTIMATIONS.

NOTICE.

ALL Parties having Claims against, or being indebted to the Insolvent Estate of BOHSTEDT & Co. of Shanghae, are requested to send the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the *15th day of September*, 1858.

By Order of the Judge Commissioner,
J. F. H. TRAUTMANN,
Assignee.
12ae Shanghae, 4th March, 1858.

NOTIFICATION.

Consulat de France à Changhaï et Ningpo.
Le 18 Février 1858.

LES créanciers de la maison BOHSTEDT & Co., dont la faillite a été légalement déclarée par son chef M. JULIUS BOHSTEDT à Changhaï, sont invités à déposer leurs titres et réclamations, entre les mains de M. J. F. H. TRAUTMANN, nommé par le Consul de S. M. I., syndic de la dite faillite.

Le Chancelier,
B. EDAN.

SHIPPING.

TO BE SOLD.

THE fine teak built Barque "*NIMROD*," 234 Tons Register and of large carrying capacity, now lying off the Shanghae *Dock-yard*.

She is in every respect a desirable Vessel, not only for accommodating Chinese Passengers, but having a spar Deck would be useful for a Receiving Ship or as a Hospital.

She can be sent to Sea immediately.

Any further information respecting her, and the terms of sale, &c., may be obtained on application to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
tf Shanghae, 30th April, 1858.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned has this day established himself as *Auctioneer & General Commission Agent* at this Port.

BARNES DALLAS.
tf Shanghai, 1st May, 1858.

NOTICE.

MR. JOSEPH PRIESTLEY TATE is authorised to sign our Firm.

JAS. BOWMAN & Co.
23oc Shanghae, 23d April, 1858.

NOTICE.

MR. AARON MOSES GUBBAY has been admitted a Partner in our firm at Shanghae.

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
15my Hongkong, 12th April, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. BENJ. A. WARDELL, in the firm of WARDELL, HEDGE & Co., ceased on the 31*st of Janv. last*; all the outstanding accounts will be settled by the remaining partners, who will continue the business under the style of HEDGE & Co.

WARDELL, HEDGE & Co.
26ju Foochow, April 15th, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE business of the undersigned as a Merchant at this place will in future be carried on under the style of JAMES MACDONALD & Co.

JAMES MACDONALD.
Shanghai, 12th April, 1858.

WITH reference to the above Mr. ALEXANDER CUSHNY is appointed Agent for our Firm at this Port.

JAMES MACDONALD & Co.
17jy Shanghai, 12th April, 1858.

NOTICE.

MR. H. M. M. GRAY is authorised to sign our firm.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
tf Shanghai, 30th March, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE Business hitherto conducted by the undersigned will hereafter be under the firm of D. DE BARROS & Co.

D. DE BARROS.
tf Shanghai, 31st March, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned have formed a Partnership and Established themselves in business at Hong-kue, as HYDRAULIC and MECHANICAL ENGINEERS, SHIPWRIGHTS, BOAT BUILDERS, &c., &c.

COPPERSMITH'S and BLACKSMITH'S WORK, and BRASS CASTINGS, promptly executed.

Residence near the United States Consulate.

PINDER & CLARK.
tf Shanghai, 3d March, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. ROBERT S. STURGIS, Mr. EDWARD CUNNINGHAM, and Mr. DANIEL N. SPOONER, in our House, *ceased on the 31st December last.*

Mr. N. M. BECKWITH, and Mr. THOMAS WALSH, have been admitted Partners this day.

RUSSELL & Co.
tf Chins, 1st January, 1858.

NOTICE.

WE have this day established ourselves under the Style or Firm of PICKENPACK, THIES & Co., for the transaction of a *General Commission Business* at the Port of BANGKOK, SIAM.

All outstanding Business of either of us, will be taken over by the new Firm.

PAUL PICKENPACK,
THEODOR THIES.
26ju Bangkok, 1st January, 1858.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. FREDERICK JOHN BESLEY in our firm ceased, and Mr. HERMAN OPPERT was admitted a Partner in the same from this date. Our business henceforth will be carried on under the style of OPPERT & Co.

BESLEY, OPPERT & Co.
tf Shanghai, 1st January, 1858.

NOTICE.

MR. WILLIAM ADAMSON and Mr. HENRY WILLIAM WOOD, are authorised to sign for the BORNEO COMPANY, Limited.

JOHN HARVEY,
Director.
tf Singapore, 2nd November, 1857.

NOTICE.

PENDING the existing troubles at CANTON, the undersigned has established himself at this Port, as *Merchant, and General Commission Agent.*

S. ROBERTSON.
tf Macao, 21st September, 1857.

NOTICE.

THE Business hitherto carried on by the Undersigned under the style of TRAUTMANN & Co. is hereby declared closed.

All outstanding business will be taken charge of by Messrs. HARKORT & Co.

J. F. H. TRAUTMANN.
Shanghae, 30th June, 1857.

NOTICE.

WE have removed our establishment from CANTON to SHANGHAE, and have admitted Mr. J. F. H. TRAUTMANN a Partner in our firm from this day.

HARKORT & Co.
tf Shanghae, 1st July, 1857.

INSURANCES.

NETHERLANDS INDIAN MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the Company in China, are prepared to grant Insurance on ORDINARY MARINE RISKS to Europe, United States, India, the Straits, Java, or the Colonies, at the Rates of Premium current with the Local Offices. *Policies payable in* HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, and BATAVIA.

TURNER & Co.
tf Shanghai, 13th February, 1857.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL.

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

Trustees:
JOHN SHAW LEIGH, ESQ.
JOHN NAYLOR, ESQ.
CHARLES TURNER, ESQ., *Chairman.*

THE Company is prepared to grant Policies of Insurance against FIRE on the usual terms to the extent of £10,000 on any one Building or its contents. Attention is directed to the fact that the Policies of this Company are NOT SUSPENDED in the event of invasion or insurrection.

G. C. SCHWABE & Co.,
Agents for Shanghai.
Shanghae, 10th July, 1856.

THE LONDON & ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

(Established 1843.*)*

THE undersigned are prepared to accept RISKS (covered by protecting Policies at LLOYD'S and the various LONDON INSURANCE COMPANIES.) by the PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAMERS between *Shanghai, Canton and Hongkong, Amoy, the Straits, Ceylon, the Presidencies of India, Suez, and England.*

The interest in the protecting Policies is assigned to the PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, for the purpose of their becoming the Medium of Payment in the event of loss.

For RATES OF PREMIUM and other Information, apply to

R. S. WALKER, *Hongkong.*
M. FISCHER, *Canton.*
E. WARDEN, *Shanghai.*
T. MARSHALL, *Singapore.*
A. P. LOVELL, *Calcutta.*
ROBERT FRANCK, *Madras*, or
JOHN RITCHIE, *Bombay.*
JAMES HARTLEY & Co.

London, 24th December, 1851.

ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

THE undersigned having been appointed AGENTS in CHINA for the above COMPANY, are prepared to accept ASSURANCE at SHANGHAE, as under:—

1st. On Buildings of Brick or Stone, covered with Tiles, Slates, Metal, or other Incombustible Material, when such Buildings are isolated from all others,—*Rate of Premium,* ½ *per cent per Annum.*

And on their Contents, *at the Rate of* 1 *per cent per Annum.*

ASSURANCES for 6 Months ¼, and for 3 Months ⅛, *of the Annual Rate will be charged.*

ASSURANCES, for the present, will be accepted to the extent of £7,000 only on one Risk.

A Building and its Contents taken together form one Risk. Thus the above Sum may be underwritten either on a Building alone, or the Contents alone; or, part on the Building, and part on the Contents.

No ASSURANCE is to be considered in force until the Premium be paid.

Amongst other advantages of the COMPANY, the ASSURED will be entitled to participate in the Profits after Five successive payments.

Parties applying for ASSURANCES will please send in full particulars of the Risk to be taken; any Deviation from which without the Consent of the COMPANY, will vitiate the POLICY.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents in Shanghae.
Shanghae, 1st August, 1850.

INSURANCES.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established in 1836, with a Paid-up Capital of SIXTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS,

Has now Accumulated Funds Invested to an Amount

EXCEEDING ONE MILLION STERLING.

BLENKIN, RAWSON & Co.,
Agents for Shanghai & Foochow.
29my Shanghai, 4th May, 1858.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY'S

INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED ONE MILLION STERLING.

1856.		1857.	1857.
£		£	£
222,000	Fire Premiums	239,000	Increase 67,000
72,780	Life	110,900	Increase 38,000
17,338	Life Annuities	27,000	Increase 9,600
826,000	Accumulated Funds	1,038,000	Increase 268,000

Prospectuses and Forms of Proposal to be had on application.

The Income of the Company now exceeds £450,000 a Year.

BLENKIN, RAWSON & Co.,
Agents for Shanghai & Foochow.
29my Shanghai, 4th May, 1858.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established 1836.

INVESTED FUNDS, ONE MILLION STERLING.

THE Premiums received on Fire Insurances in the year 1857 amounted to upwards of £739,000. Insurances are effected, at home and abroad, on Property of every description—the Premiums are moderate, the settlement of claims liberal and prompt. The Losses in 1857 were £165,000, and the sums paid in settlement of Losses exceed One Million sterling.

BLENKIN, RAWSON & Co.,
Agents for Shanghai & Foochow.
29my Shanghai, 4th May, 1858.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established 1836.

INVESTED FUNDS, ONE MILLION STERLING.

LIFE Insurance in all its branches. The sum insured by Policies issued in 1857 was £502,000; the Premiums thereon, £16,215 15*s.* 6*d.*; the total revenue from Premiums, £119,000. In addition to the foregoing, £26,995 17*s.* 7*d.* was received in purchase of Annuities. The Income of the Company is now upwards of £450,000 a Year. Prospectuses may be had on application, and attention is specially invited to the system of Guaranteed Bonuses.

BLENKIN, RAWSON & Co.,
Agents for Shanghai & Foochow.
29my Shanghai, 4th May, 1858.

HONGKONG MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned are prepared to grant POLICIES on behalf of the HONGKONG INSURANCE COMPANY, payable in *Shanghae, Hongkong, Canton, Calcutta, Manila, Bombay* and *London.*

LINDSAY & Co.
Shanghae, 1855.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

MAPS of INDIA
City of Delhi.
" Lucknow.
" Cawnpore.
Do. CHINA Canton River.
Plan of Shanghai.
In Books and Sheets.
HALL & HOLTZ.
tf Shanghai, 7th May, 1858.

EX "EXCELSIOR."

TO BE SOLD the following WINES:
STEINWINE.
KLINGELBERGER.
LIEBFRAUMILCH.
SPARKLING HOCK.
ZELLER ROTHER, (a red wine).
JOHANNISBERGH.
Apply to
G. H. STYAN.
tf Shanghai, 24th April, 1858.

BOOKS ON SALE.

AT H. FOGG & Co.

	price per copy.
WILLIAMS' Dictionary of the Chinese language, ...	$7.00
Do. Commercial Guide, ...	3.00
The same with map of China,	3.50
Do. Map of China, Mounted,....	2.00
Do. " " Pocket,.....	1.00

tf Shanghai, 7th April, 1858.

FOR SALE.

TATHAM'S Sherry.
Port.
Claret,
and Champagne.

Also a few cases of London Stout, *Bass & Co.'s* Pale Ale, and 30 doz. fine Champagne Perry.

NOTT & Co.
tf Shanghai, 11th March, 1858.

FOR SALE.

YSASI & Co.'s Best PALE SHERRY.

ALSO,

Superior PORT and SHERRY in 3 doz. Cases just received.

MONCREIFF, GROVE & Co.
tf Shanghai, 1st February, 1858.

FOR SALE.

BEST English Steam COAL, apply to
E. WARDEN.
tf Shanghai, 17th September, 1857.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

ENGLISH patent yellow Metal SHEATHING from 16 *a* 32 oz., and NAILS.

English Copper SHEATHING from 22 *a* 32 oz., and NAILS.

ALSO,

Prime Heth's Russian CORDAGE assorted sizes. Apply to

WM. PUSTAU & Co.
tf Shanghai, 22d January 1858.

FOR SALE EX "PRIDE OF THE OCEAN" AND "ABDUL MEDJID."

GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE, in 1 doz. Cases.
Do. Pale SHERRY, in 2 doz. do.
Old PORT, ... in 3 doz. do.
Old SHERRY, ... in 3 doz. do.
La Rose CLARET, ... in 3 doz. do.
Apply to
SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
tf Shanghae, 16th December, 1857.

RECEIVED PER OCTOBER OVERLAND MAIL.

A CHOICE assortment of MILLINERY and WINTER GOODS; French BOOTS and SHOES; Baby LINEN, TOYS, &c., &c.

Chez. MADAME WRIGHT,
Magasin des Modes.
Barrier Road.
tf Shanghai, 16th December, 1857.

FOR SALE.

SUPERIOR CLARET in 1 doz. Cases.
HOCK " "
SAUTERNE in 2 doz. "
CHAMPAGNE " "
SELTZER-WATER. "
Also—SHERRY and PORT WINES, in Wood and Bottled.
GEORGE THORBURN.
tf Shanghai, 17th March, 1857.

FOR SALE.

AT the Coal Dépôt of the undersigned—Best *Labuan* and *English* COALS.

LINDSAY & Co.
Shanghae, November, 1855.

HOUSES & LAND.

TO BE SOLD,

A very fine BILLIARD TABLE, new Cloth, with Cues, Marking-board, complete. On view on the premises of

GEO. WM. HOGG & Co.
tf Shanghae, April 30th, 1858.

FOR SALE AT FOOCHOW.

THE HOUSE and LAND, formerly the Property of Messrs. WETMORE & Co., and now of P. F. RICHARDS & Co. The Premises are in a good locality for the transaction of business with the Chinese, they have a water frontage and are in the principal thoroughfare from the City to the Foreign Settlement.

For particulars apply to
Messrs. GILMAN & Co., *Foochow.*
or Messrs. P. F. RICHARDS & Co.
tf Shanghai, 14th April, 1858.

VALUABLE HOUSE PROPERTY AT HONGKONG FOR SALE.

ALL that piece or parcel of GROUND with THREE DWELLING HOUSES erected thereon, known by the name of "ALMACK PLACE" bounded on the North by Wellington Street, on the West by Aberdeen Street, on the South by Gage Street and on the East by two closes of land registered in the Land Office as Nos. 11 and 97 and containing in the whole 18,708 square feet, and registered in the Land Office as No. 13. The property is situated in the centre of the city and is held for the residue of a term of 999 years commencing on the 23d of April, 1844, at an annual ground rent of £42.12.6.

For further particulars, apply at the *North-China Herald* Office, Shanghai.
tf Hongkong, 19th March, 1858.

TO LET.

THE whole of the PREMISES in *Church Street*, occupied by the undersigned, to whom apply

ROBT. A. BRINE.
tf Shanghai, 3d June, 1857.

TO BE LET.

THE Dwelling HOUSE and GODOWNS, at present occupied by Messrs. DALLAS & Co.

Apply to
SAM$. BROWN.
tf Shanghai, 1st March, 1858.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MR. THOMAS L. WALKER,
ARCHITECT & SURVEYOR,
QUEEN'S ROAD, VICTORIA, HONGKONG.
June 24th, 1856.

H. EVANS,
Bread and Biscuit Baker, Cook and Confectioner.
SHIPS' BREAD KILN-DRIED.

N.B.—Wedding Cakes, Muffins and Crumpets, Luncheon and Wine Biscuits, Pic-Nic Pies.

UNION HOTEL & RESTAURANT.

PROPRIETORS
EVANS, SUTTON & Co.
N.B.—Private Quoit Ground and Bowling Green.
Premises opposite to the British Consulate.

RICHARDS & CO.,
Ship Chandlers & General Commission Agents,
SHANGHAE,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
SHIPPING SUPPLIED WITH FRESH PROVISIONS,
SEA STORES, BISCUIT, BAKERY, AND LIVE STOCK,
&c., &c., &c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED.

A SITUATION in a Mercantile House by a young gentleman thoroughly acquainted with the routine of Office business.

Address "Co.," *North-China Herald* Office.
tf Shanghai, 16th January, 1858.

THE SHANGHAE HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY.

HAS been enlarged, and can accommodate PRIVATE Patients with comfort.

The terms are,

For Private Room, ...Tls. 2.0.0 a day.
" Officers do. .... " 1.5.0 "
" General Wards,.... " 1.0.0 "

Washing One Tael per month extra.

The Lowest charge is Seven Taels.

F. C. SIBBALD, M.D., *Surgeon.*
MR. NEWMAN, *Apothecary.*

☞ The DISPENSARY is well stocked with Medicine, which may be had on application to the Apothecary.
tf Shanghai, July 17th, 1857.

HALL & HOLTZ,
SHIP CHANDLERS, STOREKEEPERS AND BAKERS,
BREAD AND BISCUITS.
SHANGHAE.

H. FOGG & CO.,
SHIP CHANDLERS, STOREKEEPERS, GENERAL AGENTS, AND AUCTIONEERS.
SHANGHAE.

MCKENZIE & CO.,
Ship Chandlers, Storekeepers, General Agents and Provisioners.
NEAR THE FRENCH CONSULATE
SHANGHAI.

F. PEARSON,
General Store-Keeper,
CLOSE TO THE U. S. CONSULATE,
HONG-QUE,

ALL descriptions of Seamen's CLOTHING, CUTLERY, &c. Superior FRENCH BRANDY, GIN, WINES, CORDIALS, &c.

WHOLESALE,

MANILA CORDAGE of all sizes; MANILA CHEROOTS and COFFEE; COPPER and COPPER NAILS;

On moderate terms.

E. A. REYNOLDS,
Superintendent of the Dry Dock,
AND HEAVING DOWN RULES
"WILLIAM THE FOURTH."
AND
"SOUNDARY."
All Orders for Carpenter's, Caulker's, Blacksmith's, Coppersmith's and Brazier's Work, promptly attended to.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE,

TAR, Pitch, Oakum, American White Oak, and Pine Planks, Spars, and Ships' Timber. Copper, and Metal Sheathing, Bolts, Spikes, and Nails.

Boiler Plates from 1/8th *a* 9/16th, Sheet and Bar Iron, Anchors, Chains, Hawse-Pipes, Shackles, Hooks, Thimbles, Clew-Irons, Marline-Spikes, Screw-Bolts, Spikes, and Nails of all sizes.

Manila, Hemp and Coir Cordage, Cotton and Flax Canvas, and Twine.

Winches, Fire Engines and Force Pumps, for sale and on hire.

DRY DOCK, HONG-QUE,
July 18th, 1857.

SAEKEE & CO.,
Yang-king-pang Street, three doors from Messrs. H. FOGG *& Co.*

HAS FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Silks, Satins, new pattern Gauzes, Crapes, Embroideries, Nankeens, Sarsnets, Pongees and every description of Silk Piece-goods of Soo-chow Manufacture.

ALSO,

Lacquered-ware, Grass Cloth, Ivory Carvings, &c., &c., &c., from Canton.

AND,

Champagne and other Wines.

KIN-TEE-YUEN,
CAN SUPPLY PARTIES WITH SILKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
GAUZES OF NEWEST PATTERNS;
SHAWLS, and APRONS;
AND EMBROIDERED WORK OF THE LAST FASHIONS,
AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.
TSING-KEE SHOP,
Near the French Consulate.
Shanghai, 1st September, 1855.

ADVERTISEMENT.

R. T. PRITCHETT, RIFLE, GUN, AND SWORD MANUFACTURER to Her Majesty's War Department and the Hon. East India Company, begs to call the attention of Officers and Gentlemen abroad to the sound quality and efficiency of the Arms he produces, both for Military purposes and the Sports of the Field. Every GUN sold by R. T. PRITCHETT is manufactured on the premises, and every RIFLE is bored, rifled, and shot under his personal superintendence. For both large or small bore the PRITCHETT BULLET, as adopted by H. M. Government, without cup or plug, is found most serviceable—very numerous testimonials having been received of its range and truth of flight. To the manufacture of SWORDS also, great attention is paid, the most efficient proof of strength and spring being applied, a guarantee given of the quality of the blade, which is uniformly tested by powerful machinery in the presence of the purchaser, before made up.

86, St. James's-street London.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

ANY parties having claims on, or indebted to, the Estate of the late CHARLES WILLS of Shanghai, are requested to send particulars thereof to the undersigned.

JOHN L. MACLEAN.
19ju Shanghai, 14th May, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of KUPFERSCHMID & DATO is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

F. KUPFERSCHMID.
WILLIAM T. DATO.
14au Shanghae, 15th May, 1858.

NOTICE.

F. KUPFERSCHMID, B. A. WARDELL, and A. N. SHEARER have this day formed a Copartnership for the transaction of business at *Shanghae* and *Foochow*, as GENERAL STORE-KEEPERS, AUCTIONEERS, COMMISSION AGENTS, CHRONOMETER, WATCH AND CLOCK-MAKERS, under the firm of

KUPFERSCHMID & Co.
14au Shanghae, 15th May, 1858.

TO BE SOLD.

A FAST Sailing Fish Boat built in 1857, with fine accommodation and all fittings complete. As she now lies opposite Messrs. RUSSELL & Co.'s Jetty. Apply to

E. LOUREIRO.
tf Shanghai, 11th May, 1858.

FOR SALE.

For the benefit of the Estate of the late
CHARLES WILLS,

SUPERIOR SHERRY WINE,
in 3 doz: Cases,..at Tls. 8 ℔ doz.
Do. MADEIRA WINE,
in 3 doz: Cases,..at Tls. 9 „
Do. CHAMPAGNE,
in 1 doz: Cases,..at Tls. 9 „
Apply to

W. R. ADAMSON & Co.
19ju Shanghai, 14th May, 1858.

WILLIAMS' MIDDLE KINGDOM,
2 vols. with a Map,
ON SALE, at H. FOGG & Co.'s
tf Shanghae, 14th May, 1858.

TO BE SOLD OR LET.

NEWLY built premises in Bridge Street comprising Dwelling House and Godowns.
Apply to

E. LOUREIRO.
ft Shanghai, 11th May, 1858.

CIRCULAR.

THE undersigned beg to give notice that they have commenced making SODAWATER and LEMONADE, they having procured an experienced man who has been employed at Doctor Young's Sodawater Manufactory at Hongkong for several years, together with the best materials. We feel confident that our Sodawater and Lemonade will be of the first quality. Terms 75 cents per doz. for SODAWATER and 1 Tael per doz. for LEMONADE without bottles. All bottles not returned will be charged 1 Tael per doz.

Parties having bottles can have them filled at the above rate. A small book will be sent to regular Customers with a Debit and Credit side that all bottles returned will be credited. But as there has been a great deal of deception on the part of the servants or coolies by not returning the full quantity of Bottles a misunderstanding arises from it. We will in justice acquaint our customers when there is any difference and note it in the Book, and we will not hold ourselves responsible for any such misdemeanour on the part of the servants.

P. F. RICHARDS & Co.
tf Shanghai, 12th May, 1858.

THE

North-China Herald.

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858.

NOTICE.—The hours of DIVINE SERVICE in TRINITY CHURCH, are on Sundays, at 11 A.M. and 4 P.M.

Bibles, (in various languages), Prayer Books, and Hymn Books, can be obtained by application to the Chaplain, or of Mr. WRIGHT, the *Sexton*.

JOHN HOBSON, *Chaplain*.

NOTICE.—PUBLIC WORSHIP is held in the LONDON MISSION CHAPEL, every Sunday, at half-past nine A.M., and at six P.M.

NOTICE.—DIVINE SERVICE is held in the Chapel of the American Episcopal Mission at *Hoong Kow*, every Sunday Evening at Half-past Seven.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No communications can be received, unless accompanied by the real name and address of the author, which will be kept private if desired.

We reserve to ourselves the prerogative of refusing, without comment, such articles as we may not be disposed to admit.

ADVERTISEMENTS received for insertion up to *Friday-noon*, in each week.

LATEST DATES.

England, ...	Mar. 25	Singapore, ...	April 29
Bombay, ...	April 16	Hongkong, ...	May 8
Calcutta, ...	...	New York, ...	Mar. 10
Galle, ...	April 24		

DIED.—At Foochow, on the 26th April, after a short illness (of effusion on the brain) ROBERT CALVER CRAWFORD, aged 41 years, master of the receiving ship *Mahomaddie*, and for many years in the employ of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.

COMPARISON OF OBSERVATIONS,
taken by
A SELF REGISTERING THERMOMETER
in the open air, in a shaded situation, at Shanghai,—the Maximum by day, and the Minimum at night.
FOR THE WEEK.

Ending 14th May, 1858.		*Ending 14th May, 1857.*	
8,	*Max.* 73 *Min.* 57	*Max.* 65 *Min.* 58	
9,	„ 76 „ 61	„ 68 „ 58	
10,	„ 83 „ 61	„ 68 „ 58	
11,	„ 67 „ 54	„ 65 „ 60	
12,	„ 61 „ 55	„ 75 „ 58	
13,	„ 62 „ 57	„ 73 „ 62	
14,	„ 70 „ 58	„ 65 „ 60	

To be continued weekly.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.
(Friday Evening.)

EXCHANGE.—*On London* 6 m./s., Cs. 1d. per Shanghai Tael.

OPIUM.
Shanghai weight.
Malwa, *Old*..... fair demand .....Tls. 495
do. *New* ..... do. ..... „ 490
Patna, ... market quieter .... „ 500

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED.—May 14th, *Laurick*, (Br. bg.), 283, Thompson, from Hongkong.

DEPARTURES.—May 14th, *Ocean*, (Bro. bg.), 205, Farcelmann, for Bangkok; *Red Riding Hood*, (Br. sh.), 720, Rossiter, for New York.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.—Per *Wild Wave*, Messrs. Moncreiff, Grove, and W. Comstock.

DEPARTED.—Per *Formosa*, Sir A. Buller, and Mr. James Dow.

SHANGHAI LITERARY & SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

THIS Society will hold its next regular monthly meeting, at the Shanghai Library, on *Tuesday evening next*, at 8 P.M.

A Paper on "The Aboriginal Inhabitants of China," translated for the Society from a Chinese Manuscript will be read.

C. TREASURE JONES,
Secretary.

AT the hour we go to press, 2 P.M., no later news than the 29th ultimo has been received here from the Gulf of Pecheli. If any should arrive in time for us to print an *extra*, to forward by the *Yang-tze* from Woosung to-morrow morning at daylight, we shall do so.

THE day appointed for the next mail steamer to leave, is the 30th inst. from Shanghai and the 7th June from Hongkong, but, as the Agents appear to have authority to change the times fixed and lately published by the Company, it may be a day sooner or later.

The time named by the Company for the present mail to leave is the 15th, but the day of departure from Hongkong having been changed from the 23d to the 22d a corresponding alteration was required here, and the *Formosa* left at daylight of the 14th. The private steamer *Yang-tze* then again affords us an opportunity of sending 48 hours later advices, having already brought our mail more than three days in advance of the mail steamer which has not arrived at the hour we go to press.

VIEWING the privilege of access to every part of the Empire of China as a *sine qua non* and the only desideratum worth treating or fighting for, we again revert to the subject, to lay before our readers the opinions of persons well acquainted with the geographical position and commercial importance of several places, at some of which it would be desirable that Consular jurisdiction should be established.

Spreading out the map of China, the Ports *on the seaboard* at which foreigners ought to have the privilege of trading appear to be these—

In Kwantung—Hai-nan, Teen-chow, Wu-chuen, Canton, Chinghai, Swatow.
In Fuh-kien—Formosa, Amoy, Chin-chew, Fuh-chau.
In Cheh-kiang—Wan-chan, Ningpo, Chapoo, Hang-chau.
In Kiang-soo—Shanghai, Hwaingan.
In Shantung—Tang-chau, or perhaps the port of Yen-tai.
In Chih-li—Tien-tsin, Loh-ting, and Shan-hai.
In Shing-king—Niu-chwang.

Others, which may, hereafter be found to be suitable, can be substituted or added as the case may be.

At all these ports the Chinese Government should have a staff of intelligent officials to transact business with the foreign consuls or agents appointed for the purpose.

Foreign vessels in case of necessity running into any other ports than those named must be guaranteed protection.

The Rivers which should be thrown open to free navigation are,—

In Kwang-tung—The Canton river in all its branches; the Ching-hae or Swatow river.
In Fuh-kien—The Min.
In Cheh-kiang—The Hang-chu and the Ningpo rivers.
In Kiang-soo—The , the Yellow river and the Yang-tsze.
In Shan-tung—The Ta-tsing.
In Cheh-li—The Pei-ho or Tientsin river.
In Shing-king—The Niu-chwang.

Taking the Yang-tsze as the first in importance the following features present themselves.

The mouth of the Shanghai river, 10 miles from the town of Shanghai lies in longitude 121. 32., and the prefecture town of Kwei lying on the Yang-tsze on the west of the province of Hu-peh is in longitude 110. 38. giving a distance by the river of about 900 miles to the west. Off this town occurs the first interruption to the navigation of the Yang-tsze by rapids and rocks. It is difficult to ascertain the breadth and depth of the Yang-tsze at the town of Kwei, but at the town of Chung-king in the western province of Sze-chuen lying in longitude 106. 42. or about 250 miles to the west of Kwei it is a mile and a half in breadth and we may therefore infer that neither its breadth or depth at Kwei is less than at Chung-king, so much farther up.

The Yang-tsze at Wu-chang the capital of Hu-peh, in longitude 114. 58. about 600 miles from Shanghai opposite which lies the great central mart of Han-kow, must be at least three and half to four miles in breadth. This conclusion is come to from the time M. Hue took to cross from Han-yang (which lies midway between Woo-chang and Han-kow) to Woo-chang in a sailing boat, having a strong side wind, when he was carried across in three quarters of an hour—"Nous entrâmes dans un bateau que nous emporta bientôt avec un effrayante rapidité. Enfin après une traversée de trois quarts d'heure nous arrivâmes a un des ports de Ou-tchang-fou," (Woo-chang.)

At Nanking the Yang-tsze is 3 miles and at Kwa-chow two miles in breadth.

From further information obtained through Chinese sources it may confidently be believed that the large class of American Steamers which ply on the Hudson and Mississipi, drawing when loaded not above ten feet of water, would throughout all the year be able to ascend easily and without the slightest interruption, as to the depth or breadth of the Yang-tsze, as far as the town of Kwei, which as before said, lies 900 miles, as the bird flies, from the mouth of the Shanghai river.

Proceeding up the Yang-tsze we will point out some places *in the interior* where it may be desirable that Commercial and Consular establishments should be opened.

After passing the port of Shanghai, we come to the town of Chin-kiang. This is a place which it is probable will be a foreign mart, as it lies on the route from Hang-chow and Soochow to Peking and where, in ordinary times, great quantities of rice can be purchased. It is however too near Soochow and Shanghai to be of any importance as a place for considerable mercantile operations.

Ascending the river we reach Nan-king—the ancient capital of China. At this city there ought to be a Consular Establishment. Its population and that of the surrounding country is considerable and when the country is again quiet a large trade may be looked for here. Nanking lies 100 miles from Shanghai. Opposite Nanking there is also a mart where northern dealers come to make purchases.

Next we come to the city of Ngan-king the capital of Ngan-hwui province. It is described by Sir John Davis thus, "This is a large and important town the capital of the province, where the Governor resides." It lies on the north bank of the Yang-tsze 150 miles above Nanking. The country around produces every kind of grain, cotton, and hemp.

Further on is a prefecture town called Kiu-kiang lying on the south side of the Yang-tsze, and on the west side of the mouth of the Po-yang Lake. Opposite lies the district town of Hoo-kow. Kiu-kiang lying on the grand route to Canton from the north of China, and being otherwise favorably situated, in a well watered and populous country, is an important mercantile place. The Chinese government have established here a Transit Custom-house. It lies 380 miles from Shanghai.

The town of Ho-kow (Ho-how) in the district of Yuen-shan in the province of Kiang-si, from its being a great tea mart, ought to have a Consular Establishment but if Kiu-kiang be selected for one, it would be unnecessary that Nan-chang the capital of Kiang-si, should also be. It is probable that very small steamers can ascend through the Po-yang lake, and the canal to Ho-kow. It would however be impossible for steamers of any size to do so.

From Kiu-kiang we proceed up the Yang-tsze to Wu-chang, opposite which lies Han-yang, and Han-kow; the latter the grand central mart of China. Of these three cities M. Hue estimates the population at 8 millions. "C'est lá qu' il faut aller; c'est Han-kow, Han-yang et Woo-chang qu' il faut visiter pour avoir une idée du commerce interieur de la nation chinoise. Nous avons dit que Han-kow est, en quelque sorte, l'entrepôt général des dix-huit provinces; c'est la, en effect, qu' arrivent et c'est de là que partent les marchandises qui alimentent tout le commerce intérieur. Il n'est pas peut-être, au monde de ville située plus favorablement et entourée par la nature de plus grands avantage." Han-kow lies bout 600 miles from Shanghai.

From this great entrepot we proceed to Yoh-chow a prefecture town in Hunan lying at the mouth of the Tung-ting Lake, and as the three rivers Yuen, Tsze, and Siang besides run into the lake, after having first watered nearly all the province, Yoh-chow must be an important mercantile town and should be a Consular post. It lies 150 miles above Han-kow.

Then terminating our trip up the Yang-tsze we come to the town of Kwei beyond which steamers cannot ascend owing to the rocks and rapids lying off it. Kwei lies 900 miles from Shanghai, and when we reach this town we are fairly in the centre of China."

WE have received another letter from our native correspondent on his journey to Peking. He writes from Tsing-keang poo on the 3d instant. We give the following extracts from his notes by the way:

Speaking of Nanking, he says,—There is now a free thoroughfare open to 紫荊山 Tsze-king shan,* whence the road communicates with 萬里長淸 Wan le chang kow (Ten thousand *le* canal.) It is reported that there has been an immense number of the country people shot in cutting this canal. East Leang-shan is in the possession of the imperialists; and there is an imperialist camp at Kew-keang. The passage by the Yang-tsze-keang being thus cut off in three places, the long-haired rebels find great difficulty in passing to and fro, and are now reduced to the utmost straits.

It is said by the Nanking refugees, that the long-haired men have now abandoned the title *Wang* (Prince). Some are entitled *How* (Marquis), being distinguished by the 10 *t'een kan* (the denary cycle); others are entitled *Ching-seang* (Assistant Minister), and are distinguished by the 12 *t'e che* (the duodenary cycle). The Celestial king (T'ae-ping wang) still lives in the Governor-general's residence, in front of which a high battery has been erected. The rebels observe the Sabbath, and retain their religious services unchanged.

Passing Chin-këang on the evening of Friday 30th April, he remarks,—From the east to the west gate, for a length of 15 *le*, is entirely occupied by a series of camps. The embrasures on the city wall have been raised several feet in height, and no apertures are visible. On *T'oo-neu*,† about a ½ mile inside the city, there is a gun tower, standing higher than the parapet, which has probably been erected in consequence of a hill which stands on the opposite shore. At short distances watch towers have been placed by the insurgents, which are still standing with the guns in them.

Reaching Yang-chow on Saturday morning, he writes,—Skirting the city from Chaou-kwan gate to Pien-e gate, a distance of 10 *le*, the whole line, which was formerly crowded with dwelling-houses on both sides of the canal, is now nothing but a mass of rubbish; the site of a celebrated temple that formerly stood here, can only be determined by conjecture.

From Tsing-keang poo, he writes,—The Hwang-ho is still dry, the same as last year. On enquiring whether the water came in at the autumn tides, the natives said that the autumn tides had not entered for five or six years past. The month where the Grand canal formerly entered the Hwang-ho at Suh-tseen is also stopped up. It is said that the water leaves the bed at Kae-fung foo, and pursues another course to the ocean.

* This is a hill about a mile outside the east gate of Nanking. Our correspondent identifies himself with the imperialist cause, as a loyal and peaceable subject of Heen-fung.

† Literally the earthen ox. Supposed to be the name of some mound.

WE do not receive any further particulars respecting the movements of the Insurgents than that they have entered the province of Chekiang, both from Kiangsu and Nganhwui. Confirmation reaches us from various quarters of their near approach to Hangchow where the inhabitants are in great alarm. At Ningpo also the residents are under apprehensions of their advancing upon that city.

THE REBELLION.—CHIHKIANG.

SOME weeks since Dr. Macgowan addressed us a letter from Kuchau near the seat of the rebellion in Chihkiang giving an account of the condition of that part of the country. That letter was lost between this city and Ningpo. The intelligence then communicated has lost its chief interest, but Dr. Macgowan having procured a copy of a despatch sent by governor Yen to the emperor and to the governor-general, is able to give more recent as well as an official account of affairs as known at Hangchau on the 25th ulto.

The governor refers to a former communication in which he stated that fugitives from Chihkiang had joined a body of rebels in the eastern part of Kiangsi and were threatening this hitherto undisturbed province, and gives an account of the measures he had adopted for warding off the danger. He made application to Hoching and Chang Kwolang for reinforcements from Nanking. Several detachments were spared by these commanders amounting in all to 4,000 men. In the mean time the rebel miscreant Shih Takai [the Assistant King] who has long contemplated the conquest of this province sent two armies numbering in all between 60 and 70,000 men, one to attack Yulushan and the other penetrating the Tsunyang Pass into Fuhkien to attack Puching [Yulshan is the frontier town of Kiangsi near Changshan Puching is a frontier town in Fuhkien adjacent to Kiangshan both in this province]. On the 4th and 5th of April our troops were attacked in front and rear by overwhelming numbers, they effected a retreat in consequence of their knowledge of the roads. This event places Kiangshan within their reach and as Yulshan fell on the 9th, Tsiangshan is also in peril. The governor then gives the detail of the precautions which he has taken to prevent the further approach of the formidable enemy, and his plans for the protection of Hangchau. A few hundred soldiers in one direction, a thousand or two in another to withstand as he says hundreds of thousand. Four hundred of the Manchu garrison at Chapu have been ordered up to Hangchau, the Manchus of the provincial capital have been stationed to guard the Tsiantang. The governor expatiates on two sources of anxiety—First, the choice of avenues which the rebels possess of invading the province—they may enter from Hwuichow and descend on Yenchau, they may reach Kuchau by way of Changshan or Kiangshan, or they may enter at Lungchau and advance thence through Chichau to Kuchau. The other cause of anxiety is the want of funds. Hitherto the extra military expenses of the province have been defrayed by contributions [forced] from owners of dwellings and from Tea dealers, no more is to derived from these sources of revenue and his excellency knows not what to do. He sends this most urgent despatch at the rate of 600 li a day, &c.

The governor does not exaggerate the dangers which are impending over his province, yet so uncertain are the rebels in their movements that they may hover long over its borders without striking a decisive blow.

Dr. M. had travelled on foot in company with the Rev. Mr. Inslee in foreign costume from Ningpo to Wanchau, thence across the mountains to the boundaries of Kiangshan; further approach to Kiangsi, their point of destination, was prevented by a local insurrection which had just been suppressed in that district—so soon to be overrun by rebels. The insurrection was headed by a Tauist priest. Our travellers then went to Kuchau, but the panic caused by the approach of the rebels rendered it impossible to advance further in that direction. The people and officers were uniformly friendly, but travelling was unsafe from the unsettled state of the country. Dr. Macgowan describes the valley of the Tsientang as one of the richest parts of China, and names that river as a promising one for steam navigation if the same class of vessels should be employed which are in use on the tributaries of the Mississippi. There are about thirty cities in that valley, and near the banks of the river in different parts are mines of coal in profitable operation.

IN our last Number we published a Proclamation authorizing an additional tax on Imports. Mr. Robertson, H. B. M.'s Consul had interviews with the authorities on the subject, and, we suppose, by the following Notification issued from the Consulate, he was satisfied; *but* the Proclamation was put into effect notwithstanding, and yesterday it was seen in operation, being levied on goods as delivered from the foreigners godowns.

Several remonstrances have been sent to Mr. Robertson, and whilst we are writing he is gone into the city to see the Taoutai again about it.

No. 4. NOTIFICATION
H. B. M.'s CONSULATE,
SHANGHAE, 12*th May*, 1858.

The undersigned has to make known for general information, that the intention to levy three candareens of silver per piece on longcloths and on other merchandize entering the port from Quangtung, Fukien and Foreign countries, according to their value, notified in a Proclamation issued by His Excellency Sëe, Intendant of Circuit, &c., &c., &c., under date the 30th ulto., has been abandoned and the Proclamation in question annulled.

(Signed) D. B. ROBERTSON,
H. B. M.'s Consul.

To the BRITISH MERCANTILE COMMUNITY.
At Shanghae.

AGAIN the *Yang-tze*, private steamer, has brought a portion of the London mail at least three days sooner than the mail steamer which has not yet arrived.

The *Yang-tze* arrived at Woosung on the 12th, and the letters, &c., were delivered at noon of that day.

The latest dates are, London 25th March *viâ* Marseilles,—Bombay 16th,—Galle 21st,—Singapore 29th, and Hongkong the 8th.

The mail arrived in Hongkong per P. & O. S. N. Company's Steamer *Singapore*, Capt. Grainger on the 7th ulto.

PASSENGERS.—Per *Singapore*, from Bombay,—Miss May; from Singapore,—Mr. Remedios, and Capt. Anderson; from Southampton,—Lieuts. Walker, R.N., Mitchell, R.N., Darling, R.N., Cresney, R.N., and Percival, R.N., Comm. Campion, R.N., Pearse, R.N., and Meades, R.N.; Messrs. Rawling, Weir, Woodward, and Smith; from Cadiz,—Col. Oscarez; from Marseilles,—Commander Bythesed, R.N., Mr. and Mrs. Odell, Messrs. Halton, and Marshall; from Gibraltar,—Messrs. Matta, and Marcello.

The principal events of the fortnight, details of which will be found in the London papers are the following:—

The Duke of Malakoff (Pellisier) is to be French Ambassador in England.

£1,000 annuity has been granted to the eldest son of Sir Henry Lawrence by the East India Company.

Mr. Watt one of the prisoners in Naples in the case of the *Cagliari* has been liberated; he has become insane.

Orsini and Pierri have been executed. Rudio has been condemned to hard labor for life.

Parliament had re-assembled and Lord Derby's Government was complete.

A conciliatory dispatch from M. Walewski had been published which, it is said, has restored our relations with France to their old state!

Simon Bernard has been committed on the charge of felonious complicity in the late attempt on the life of the Emperor of France.

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A pamphlet on the subject of the late "painful misconceptions," has been published in Paris and was the subject of much conversation.

The troops engaged before Delhi are to have 12 months' batta, and the property taken from the mutineers and rebels is to be prize money.

The money market continued easy.

The Bank of England rate remained at 3 per cent.

The rate for first class bills was $2\frac{1}{4}$ *a* $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent at the Discount houses.

At Hamburg the rate after remaining for several weeks at $1\frac{1}{2}$ had risen to 2 *a* $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent discount.

BULLION.—Per *Pera*, from Southampton, on the 20th of March,—

For Hongkong, Silver, ...	£25,206
Shanghai, "	£23,395

Mexican Dollars 4/11⅞ per oz. being ⅛d. lower.
Bar Silver 5/1⅞ per oz. standard.
Consols 96¾ *a* 96⅞ for money.

PASSENGERS.—Per P. & O. S. N. Company's Steamers, from Southampton. To leave on 4th April, for Hongkong, Mr. J. B. Deacon; for Shanghai, Mr. Dewsnap. 4th April, for Hongkong, Mr. and Mrs. Deacon.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

(Since our last Report.)

ARRIVED.—From Shanghai, March 9th, at Deal, *Countess of Seafield*; 10th, at London, *Lady Hodgkinson*; 15th, at Belfast, *Admiral Grenfell*; 21st, at Liverpool, *Maggie*; 23d, at Falmouth, *Friar Tuck*; 24th, at Plymouth, *Mauvert*.

DEPARTED.—March 15th, for Shanghai from Sunderland, *Troas*; from London, *Assyrian*.

Latest dates in England from China 29th Jany. Received, *via* Marseilles ....on 23d March. Packets *via* Southampton not arrived.

by Telegraph to London 15 feb and 24 March

Passengers per P. & O. S. N. Company's steamer from Hongkong,—

Per *Pottinger*, on 5th May.—For Singapore,—Messrs. C. Laroche, and W. M. Anderson,; for Galle.—Mr. A. Park; for Calcutta,—Dr. Gordon, C.B.; for Bombay,—Mr. Grant; for Alexandria,—Messrs. Van Reesima, and R. Hamilton; for Marseilles,—Messrs. A. Perceval, B. Cobb, C. Marshall, A. V. Petel, and child; for Southampton,—Col. Dunlop, R.A., Dr. Hirschberg, and Mrs. Hirschberg, Mr. and Mrs. Findlay, and child, Messrs. Walter Macfarlane, and A. Beauchamp.

THE following Notification appears in the *Hongkong Government Gazette*.

We agree with the Vice-Consul that the anomaly of Opium being treated as contraband and at the same time admitted to payment of duty is an absurdity that ought to be abolished, but we question the policy of our official recognition of a tax imposed by the local authorities for special purposes. The rate of \$48 per chest is a greater encouragement to smuggling than prohibition would be.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

His Excellency Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary and Chief Superintendent of British Trade in China, &c., &c., has received the subjoined Circular from Her Majesty's Vice-Consul in Charge at Amoy, to the address of the Mercantile Community at that Port, which is hereby published for general information.

By Order,
G. W. CAINE.

Superintendency of Trade,
Victoria, Hongkong, 14th April, 1858.

No. 7. CIRCULAR.

BRITISH CONSULATE, AMOY,
10th April, 1858.

His Excellency the Taoutae of Amoy, having notified officially that a Tax of 48 Dollars per Chest, viz: \$40 as Duty, and \$8 for expences of collection is now levied on each Chest of Opium, and collected from the native purchaser, the undersigned begs to notify that questions connected with that article will stand in the same category as those connected with any other imported article.

H. M. Acting Consul further notifies to British Merchants and Ship-masters, that, for the future, when handing in Manifests to the Consular Office, the quantity of Opium imported will be required to be given in common with other merchandize.

(L.S.) (Signed.) W. RAYMOND GINGELL.

To the British Mercantile Community,
Amoy.

True Copy.
P. J. HUGHES.

THE *Fiery Cross* arrived in Hongkong on 19th ulto. She left the Pilot off the Isle of Wight, on 12th Jany., 1858, and the Lizard on the 14th; passed Anger on 24th March, made the Great Ladrone on the evening of the 17th April entered the harbour of Hongkong in the night of the 18th and anchored at East point at daylight of the 19th.

On her last homeward passage she sailed from Foochow on the 3d August, 1857, and received a pilot on board off the Lizard on the morning of the 9th November.

ROBBERY.—A well planned robbery was committed at about 7 A.M. of the 11th instant, by three Canton men, one of whom went to the Kwong Tai. Bankers shop in the Marloo Road, and told Chung Aching, one of the owners, that his master, an European, was going to Hongkong in the steamer, and wished to change about 500 dollars worth of sycee, for Mexican dollars. The shop man taking the dollars accompanied him, and when inside the London Mission gate, he was immediately seized by two other men who were waiting there. They pulled him in amongst the trees, threw lime in his eyes and mouth, robbed him of \$469 and ran off. The shop man pursued them, and one of the three was stopped by an European and handed over to the Police. Their house was discovered in the market, but they had decamped. Two jackets with a quantity of lime in the pockets, worn by them when they committed the robbery, were found in the house. Two Canton men who were found in the room, were charged on suspicion of being concerned, and taken before H. B. M. Consul, who, after enquiring into the case, sent them into the city.

THE Sandwich Islands papers mention that Commander Meacham, R.N. of H. M. Steam-sloop *Vixen*, died on board on the 17th April, at Honolulu. King Kamehameha and his Queen had been for a three weeks cruize in the *Vixen* and returned on the 12th of April.

A RETURN of the Import and Export Trade at the Port of Shanghai for the half years ending 30th June and 31st December 1857, has lately been published by the Maritime Custom House, for general information. It is a valuable document containing much useful and interesting matter from which we make some extracts in a condensed form.

The Returns previously published were

For the year ending 30th June, 1855.
Ditto " 30th June, 1856.
For the half year " 31st Dec., 1856.

so that the only *comparison* that can be made from them is for the half year ending 31st December 1856 with that for 1857, the result of which is as follows:—

IMPORT TRADE.

FOREIGN COTTON AND WOOLLEN MANUFACTURED GOODS,—

	Declared Value.
In the 6 months ending 30th June, 1857, Tls.	3,116,411
Do. " 31st Dec., "	3,036,704
Total in year ending 31st Dec., 1857,..Tls.	6,153,115

Comparison.

In the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856...	Tls. 2,453,892
Do. 31st Dec., 1857,	Tls. 3,036,704

FOREIGN METALS MANUFACTURED AND UNMANUFACTURED, &c., including COALS, AND FLINTS,—

	Declared Value.
In the 6 months ending 30th June, 1857, Tls.	568,916
Do. " 31st Dec., "	954,119
Total in year ending 31st Dec., 1857,..Tls.	1,523,035

Comparison.

In the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856,..	Tls. 662,058
Ditto, 31st Dec., 1857,	Tls. 954,119

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES, consisting principally of STRAITS AND CHINA PRODUCE,—

	Declared Value.
In the 6 months ending 30th June, 1857, Tls.	2,374,026
Do. " 31st Dec., "	4,199,050
Total in year ending 31st Dec., 1857,..Tls.	6,573,076

Comparison.

In the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856,..	Tls. 1,554,871
Do. 31st Dec., 1857,	Tls. 4,199,050

TOTAL VALUE OF THE IMPORT TRADE in the year 1857,............	Tls. 14,549,226

Comparison.

Total in the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856,	Tls. 4,670,821
Do. 31st Dec., 1857,	Tls. 8,189,873
Showing an Increase in the 6 months of	Tls. 3,519,052

EXPORT TRADE.

SILK,—Raw, Thrown, Coarse and Waste,—

	Declared Value.
In the 6 months ending 30th June, 1857, Tls.	7,859,432
Do. " 31st Dec., "	13,837,756
Total in year ending 31st Dec., 1857, Tls.	21,697,188

Comparison.

In the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856,	Tls. 15,312,100
Do. 31st Dec., 1857,	Tls. 13,837,756

TEA,—

	Declared Value.
In the 6 months ending 30th June, 1857, Tls.	3,391,681
Do. " 31st Dec., "	6,478,238
Total in year ending 31st Dec., 1857, Tls.	9,869,919

Comparison.

In the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856,..	Tls. 4,388,577
Do. 31st Dec., 1857,	Tls. 6,478,238

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES,—

	Declared Value.
In the 6 months ending 30th June, 1857, Tls.	529,989
Do. " 31st Dec., "	1,247,339
Total in year ending 31st Dec., 1857, Tls.	1,777,328

Comparison.

In the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856,..	Tls. 829,460
Do. 31st Dec., 1857,	Tls. 1,247,339

TOTAL VALUE OF THE EXPORT TRADE in the year 1857,............	Tls. 33,344,435

Comparison.

Total in the 6 months ending 31st Dec. 1856,	Tls. 20,530,337
Do. 31st Dec. 1857,	Tls. 21,563,333
Showing an increase in the 6 months of	Tls. 1,032,996

TONNAGE INWARD.

	Vessels	Aggregate Tonnage
In the 6 months ending 30th June, 1857,............	269	79,883
Do. 31st Dec., 1857, ...	364	125,730
Total in the year ending 31st Dec., 1857,............	633	205,613

Comparison.

	Vessels	Aggregate Tonnage
In the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856,	233	78,699
Do. 31st Dec., 1857,	364	125,730

TONNAGE OUTWARD.

	Vessels	Aggregate Tonnage
In the 6 months ending 30th June, 1857,............	122	47,987
Do. 31st Dec., 1857, ...	176	66,256
Total in the year ending 31st Dec., 1857,............	298	114,243

Comparison.

	Vessels	Aggregate Tonnage
In the 6 months ending 31st Dec., 1856,	175	69,170
Do. 31st Dec., 1857,	176	66,256

In abstracting from the above named document the various articles enumerated therein, we place those of which the declared value is less than 1,000 taels separate from those of greater value.

The figures represent taels of Shanghai Sycee, except where otherwise expressed.

IMPORTS.

FOREIGN COTTON AND WOOLLEN MANUFACTURED GOODS,—

Long-cloths *grey* 2,652,893—*white* 488,097, Sheetings *British* 56,860—*American* 171,930, White Twills 7,703, Grey do. 2,795, Drills 765,018, Domestics 28,830, Jeans 52,505, Ginghams 1,200, Cambrics 2,469, Muslins 10,993, Damasks 2,914, Cottons *dyed, fancy and printed* 1,424,828, Handkerchiefs 53,622, Camlets *English* 95,980—*Dutch* 20,500, Lastings 27,643, Fustians 9,087, Bombazettes 1,358, Spanish Stripes 281,680, Broad Cloths 438, Habit Cloths 88,692, Med. Cloths 18,108, Long Ells 153,366, Velvets 58,414, Velveteens 85,261, Blankets 3,984, Woollen and Cotton mixtures 33,844, Cotton thread 1,766.

FOREIGN METALS MANUFACTURED AND UNMANUFACTURED, &c.,—

Iron 226,938, Lead 327,478, Copper 1,724, Flints 9,934, Iron wire 9,248, Iron unmanufactured 5,783, Spelter 23,259, Steel 3,238, Tin 604,047, Tin plates 4,240, Tin foil 17,964, and other manufactures of tin 178, Coals (15,430 tons) 209,525.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES, consisting principally of STRAITS AND CHINA PRODUCE,—

Alum 9,370, Aniseed 13,419, Arsenic 2,187, Bamboo ware and Sticks 4,045, Betel nut 5,226, Beche de mer 108,589, Bird's nests 340,514, Buffalo hides 5,585, Beans, &c. 28,804, Brass manufactures 4,305, Camphor 15,124, Cardemoms 15,099, Cassia 1,542, Cinnamon 5,358, Cloves 9,362, Cochineal 6,524, Copper *Bellows of native manufacture* 79,000, *Foil* 34,922, *other manufacture* 1,069, Cow Bezoar 2,710, China ware 2,072, Cloth shoes 7,885, Dried fish 67,625, Dried fruits 114,021, Ebony 14,032, Feathers 5,578, Fans (10,948,400 in number) 48,239, Galangals 1,879, Gambier 3,151, Ginseng 106,576, Glass 49,208, Glue 11,526, Grass cloth 7,400, Gum Olibanum 3,783, Hemp 6,865, Hemp cloth 15,893, Indigo dry and liquid 117,284, Ivory 5,904, Ivory ware 1,530, Lacquer ware 1,901, Red, white and yellow Lead 50,150, Lily seed 11,418, Mangrove bark 25,653, Mats 17,617, Masts, 73,600, Medicines 52,097, Nutgalls 5,935, Nutmegs and Mace 5,974, Oil cake 19,687, Otter skins 2,612, Oyster shell 4,453, Other Timber 98,288, Green paint 1,628, Paper 10,252, Peas 5,468, Pepper 70,957, Preserves 10,392, Putchuck 6,451, Potato flour 7,027 Quicksilver 26,135, Rattans, 106,557, Rhinoceros' horns 5,278, Rice (864,637 peculs) 1,810,849, Sea weed 14,112, Sandalwood 180,553, Sapanwood 99,543, Flower seeds 8,000, Olive seed 1,841, Silk piece goods 154,444, Snuff4. 992, Soap 1,529, Sticklac 3,780, Sugar (517,210 peculs) 2,253,311, Sugar cane 544, Vegetable Tallow 1,323, Tinder 4,996, Tobacco 55,916, Tortoise shell 76,517, Umbrellas 4,068, Vermillion 50,894, Wax 10,387, Wood manufactured 4,248.

OTHER ARTICLES—of less value than Tls. 1,000,—

Aloes, Buffalo horns, China root, Citron, Coir, Fungus, Gold thread, Isinglas, Linseed, Myrrh, Rose maloes, Tilseed, Twine, Water melon seed, Wool, Cotton Yarn, Cotton, Copper ore, Crackers, Cutch, Deer's horns, Dragon's blood, Gamboge, Manufactures of horn, Joss stick, Leather, Musk, Pimento, Prussian blue, Clams, Smalts, Snake Skin, Soot, Tiger's bones, Dyed Stuffs, Turmeric.

EXPORTS.

SILK.—Raw, Thrown, Coarse and Waste, 21,697,188. TEA,—9,869,919.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES,—

Alum 15,141, Carpeting 2,848, China and Earthen ware 40,519, Old Copper 2,274, Copper ware and wire 4,791, Cotton 194,746, Dried fruits 19,734, Deer's horns 3,471, Green dye 13,266, Fans (355,835 in number) 26,388, Dried fish 20,784, Fungus 4,637, Ginseng 1,092, Gypsum 7,829, Goat's hair 5,915, Hams 14,563, Hemp and Cloth 1,492, Indigo 1,075, Ink 1,523, Lamp wicks 2,206, Lilies and Lily seed 17,419, Liquorice 2,207, Manure 12,074, Medicines 55,290, Nankeens 379,808, Nutgalls 1,432, Oil cake 112,684, Oil paper 1,370, Vegetable oil 1,944, Manufactures of paper 11,830, Rhubarb 104,927, Sham-hoo (wine) 1,334, Sea weed 1,037, Seeds 983, Silk cocoons 146,672, Silk worms' eggs 13,800, Straw Braid 6,069, Straw shoes 1,238, Animal Tallow 6,260, Vegetable Tallow 3,037, Tobacco 5,577, Towels 4,830 Turmeric 2,604, Twine 1,801, Umbrellas 7,940, Dried vegetables 2,092, Vermecelli 36,129, Water chestnuts 3,759, Water melon seeds 2,773, Wax, 6,220, Wood and Manufactures of wood 46,120.

OTHER ARTICLES of less value than Tls. 1,000,—

Bamboo ware, Cantharides, China root, Preserved eggs, Refuse felt, Garlic, Glass ware, Gold thread, Ground nut cake, Hare and Rabbit skins, Hartall, Hats, Lacquer, Lacquer ware, Peppermint, Skin rugs, Senna, Almonds, Bamboo shoots, Bamboo sticks, Brass ware, Cotton rugs, Cotton twist, Cutch, Felt caps, Fish lines, Grass cloth, Camel's hair, Horse hair, Hog's bristles, Joss sticks, Leather, Linseed, Mats, Oyster shell, Preserves, Buffalo and Deer sinews, Honey.

TONNAGE.

		Vessels		Tons
Inward—	British,....	302 vessels,..		115,409 tons.
	American,..	61	" ..	44,850 "
	Sundry,....	270	" ..	45,354 "
	Total,..	633 vessels,..		205,613 tons.
Outward—	British,....	169 vessels,..		66,149 tons.
	American,	35	" ..	28,101 "
	Sundries,	94	" ..	19,993 "
	Total,..	298 vessels,..		114,243 tons.

The Total value of the Trade of the year 1857 is then given as follows:—

Exchange from Jany. to June at average of 6s. 10d., from July to Dec. at average of 6s. 9d.

	Taels.		£.
IMPORT,—	14,549,227	=	4,936,861
EXPORT,—	33,344,435	=	11,302,834

This is excluding Opium and Treasure imported, and some treasure exported, which, not passing through the Custom-house are not in the Returns.

The fluctuations in the price of Opium render it difficult to estimate the value of that article as an Import, and as the only published Return of Treasure, imported and exported, is that per P. & O. S. N. Company's Steam-vessels an approximation to the total value of these is all that can be arrived at. The value of Copper Cash is taken from the Custom-house returns.

In estimating the Balance of Trade for 1857, we therefore take the above Custom House Returns, and add the value of Opium and Treasure as nearly as can be ascertained from the best authorities, giving the following result:—

IMPORT,—

	Taels.		£.
Goods as above,....	14,549,227	=	4,936,861
Copper Cash,......	1,314,266	=	444,774
Opium, 31,907 chests *delivered*, Estimated at average 410 per chest, ...	13,081,870	=	4,442,385
Treasure per P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamers only—valued at Mex: 20,396,887 at 26 per cent dis:,..	15,093,697	=	5,125,567
Total Tls.	44,039,060	=	£14,949,587

EXPORT,—

	Taels.		£.
Goods as above,....	33,344,435	=	11,302,834
Treasure per P. & O. S. N. Company's Steamers, ...	1,964,874	=	667,228
Total Tls.	35,309,309		£11,970,062

We will endeavour to obtain further statistics on this interesting topic and give them in a future number.

FOO-CHOW.

THERE have been serious riots at Foochow-foo, caused by the scarcity of rice and high prices of copper cash, mainly to be attributed to the excessive issue of paper money by the Government Banks without any prospect of being able to redeem their notes. The people beset the Governor-general's Yamun, openly insulted other mandarins in the streets and denied their authority. A distribution of rice among the poor would have allayed the discontent in a great measure, but it is supposed the Public Granaries have very little in them, as the authorities have not opened them.

Hwang, the Imperial Commissioner appointed to Canton was there on the 26th of last month. We hear that the people appealed to him to redress their grievances and that he had been detained in Foochow some days in consequence.

Our latest accounts are to the 4th inst. when matters were more quiet, in consequence of the promise of the mandarins to open the Granaries, and a Government Proclamation relative to the value of paper money. It was, however, doubted if the promises would be kept, in which case serious troubles were apprehended. Large importations of rice had just arrived from the South, the effect of which would be beneficial, temporarily.

A pilot boat belonging to Mr. Robertson was plundered by pirates near the White Dogs.

THE VERMILION FORBIDDEN CITY.

No. 9. The *Wan-yöan-kóh*, or *Imperial Library*, closed last week's article. The General analysis of the books which it contains renders this building one of uncommon interest, and is quite enough to provoke any man of literary taste, were all higher motives wanting, to desire a more intimate acquaintance with the comparatively undeveloped resources of Chinese literature. It is true that no small amount of light has been cast even into the furthest caverns of this yet mysterious region by our Gallic friends, who for a couple of centuries have had access to the *deepest* abysses of this literary ocean; and sometimes they have swept over us all the *comets* that have seared the world, from creation's dawn till now; again they have alarmed us with showers of *meteors* that fell a thousand years before Columbus saw the Western world; and then they have disturbed our day-dreams and the visions of the stilly night with all the *earthquakes* that ever moved the celestial empire from the days of Noah down to the times of the Great-Pure dynasty. Living in a later age, we will try to profit by the praiseworthy labors of the hardy pioneers who have done so much to subdue the wilderness, and to make it yield its cheering harvest, hoping that future generations may be better able to re-plant literary seed, pluck up and set out anew literary flowers, and engraft upon old truths which perish in the using, truths that are new to this great nation, and which bring forth fruit that perishes not. With this short preamble, Mr. Editor, allow me now to borrow from that veteran Sinologue Remusat, the analysis of a *single work* from the immense mass found in the FOUR TREASURIES. It is the work of *Má Tóan-lin*, a Chinese scholar of the Yüan dynasty which began A. D. 1280, and ended 1367: I will first give you the *Chinese Literary Notice* of this work as given by the editors of the Imperial Catalogue, and on which M. Bazin has thrown so much light; the notice is as follows:—

"*Wan-hyien-t'úng-kǎo*, or General Examination of Written Monuments, by Má Tóan-lin, in three hundred and forty-eight *Kyöan* or books." [To be found in the Abbreviated Imperial Catalogue, 8th kyöan or book, and 6th folio.]

"This work [say the Chinese editors of the Catalogue] is based upon the *T'úng-tien* of *T'ú-yeu* (an author who lived in the *T'áng* dynasty, A. D. 922 to 945) which *Má Tóan-lin* has amplified. The author has taken the eight classes of which the *T'úng-tien* is composed, and has distributed them into nineteen classes; to which he has added five other classes, in which he presents a series of dissertations upon the Canonical books and ancient literature; upon the succession and genealogies of the emperors; upon the institution of principalities and fiefs; upon astronomy and celestial phenomena; and upon extraordinary and wonderful events. With this augmentation the work now forms twenty-four classes. *Má Tóan-lin's* history begins with the *T'úng-tien*, but instead of finishing as this work does (A. D. 755) the author continues it up to the reign of *Ning-tsúng*, of the southern *Súng* dynasty (1224). Although he has augmented his divisions, and arranged his extracts with some order, he had not the same ability, as the author of the *T'úng-tien*, to compile with discrimination, and to appropriate and mould the materials which he had at his disposal, so as to complete a work properly his own. If we compare this work with that of *T'ú-yeu* it is inferior to it; if we contrast it with that of *Tshang-ts'ián*, it is of a superior order."

Now, Mr. Editor having given above the critical notice of the *Wan-hyien-t'úng-kǎo*, below I present you in 24 sections the Table of contents:—

§ 1. Treatise on the Distribution of Lands, and of their productions under different dynasties, in seven *Kyöan* or books.

§ 2. Treatise on Moneys, whether metallic or fictitious; on paper money, &c., in two books.

§ 3. Treatise on population, and its variations, in two books.

§ 4. Treatise on Government, in two books.

§ 5. Treatise on Tolls and Customs, and on Taxes in general, such as those imposed upon lake and pond fisheries; tea plantations, and salt-works, mines and factories; as well as at barriers and markets, &c., in six books.

§ 6. Treatise on commerce and barter, in two books.

§ 7. Treatise on territorial imposts, or the taxes upon lands, in one book.

§ 8. Treatise on the national expenses, in five books.

§ 9. Treatise on elevation to office, and on magisterial rank, in twelve books.

§ 10. Treatise on Preparatory Studies and Literary Examinations, in seven books.

§ 11. Treatise on the duties of Magistrates, in twenty-one books.

§ 12. Treatise on Sacrifices, in twenty-three books.

§ 13. Treatise on Ancestorial temples, in fifteen books.

§ 14. Treatise on Court Ritual or Ceremonial, in twenty-two books.

§ 15. Treatise on Music, in fifteen books.

§ 16. Treatise on War, in thirteen books.

§ 17. Treatise on penalties and punishments, in twelve books.

§ 18. Treatise on the Canonical Works and other books, in seventy-six books. This work contains analyses of quite a number of curious books on a variety of subjects, and is in reality quite a literary history.

§ 19. Treatise on the Chronology of the emperors, and on the Genealogies of the families who have sat on the throne, in ten books.

§ 20. Treatise on the Tributary principalities and fiefs established under the different dynasties, in eighteen books.

§ 21. Treatise on the celestial bodies and their accidents, such as eclipses, conjunctions, &c., in seventeen books.

§ 22. Treatise on Prodigies and Calamities, such as inundations, conflagrations, earthquakes, aerolites, ravages of locusts, &c., in twenty books.

§ 23. Treatise on the Geography of China, and of the different divisions of the empire, in various monarchial epochs, in nine books.

§ 24. Treatise on Foreign Geography, and on all the Peoples who have been known to the Chinese, in twenty-five books.

Well might Remusat say of this work in 348 *kyöan*, and bound in 100 volumes, containing the concentrated knowledge of the nation on a variety of important subjects, and continued down to the comparatively modern date A. D. 1207, that it may be considered a library in itself, and renders the language in which it is written a worthy object of study. It presents means for thoroughly investigating most of the subjects on which China can augment the common literary capital of the world; and if it would be preposterous for any one to hazard any opinion whatever upon the history and antiquities of Eastern Asia without having read it, then your journal, Mr. Editor, would have to wait a while for any contributions your correspondent might feel inclined to make.

This work is now continued down to the 18th century.

10. The *Kóh-sz-kwán*, or *Historical Society's Hall*. This building is but a little way North of No. 11. It faces south, and the Chinese topographer has thought worthy of record some verses written by the poet *Man Kyi-ling*, which are preserved in the hall; as they describe the rigors of a Pekin winter, I will give you a prosy translation of them:

"This fierce North-wind whirls high its clouds of Jade-river sands;
Behold at day-dawn on the celestial streets, the scattered snow-flakes;
Without the pavilion, thick they fall, like myriad winged butterflies;
Within, behold the ravens flock, and fly about;
Beneath the azure canopy, it seems perchance rain might fall;
More distant, the red wall looks like the lurid sun just risen;
Who will loan, with ornamented breast, a martin's-skin, that on the left I hie me home;
A lonely jockey on a haggard horse, that flies through flowery portal.
When man meets diamond-knowing-man his diamonds he displays;
Still lone I sit, my bark has not yet crossed the silvery river;
The crystal icicles suspended, clink with jingling sound;
Fast from the eaves the flowery powder falls, baptizing the crape curtains;
A chilling trembling seizes on my heart, as when flames consume records of the past;
With fingers to my mouth, I blow for warmth, no easy task to guide the pen;
To my lips I press the cup, but find the milk below congealed;
Truly this is cold; for the clear water on my inkstone 's frozen;
The courtly edifices mount up, like some tall hill that nears the heavens;
I see the king's high-way on every side; the homeward way forget;
I glance around, my mind's confused, for distant memories crowd upon me;
The Peaceful eastern-gate outside, is like the Heavens, without a bound or shore."

Till next week, yours,

Q.

FRENCH REINFORCEMENTS FOR CHINA.—Four Companies of Marines were embarked at Brest on the 17th, together with half a battery of field howitzers, on board the transport *Saone*, under orders for the China Seas. These Troops, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Reybaud, are to be placed at the disposal of Admiral Rigauld de Genouilly. The *Saone* is to touch on her passage to Canton at Goree.—*United Service Gazette*, February 27.

DESTRUCTION OF CHINESE PIRATES.—The sum granted to the Commanding Officer and crew of the screw corvette *Hornet*, for the destruction of pirates in the China seas, on the 19th March, 1857, is £1,000.—*Ibid.*

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SHIPS OF WAR IN THE GULF OF PECHELI.

Names	Guns	Rate	Commander
—British—			
Bustard (92)	4	Gun-boat	Lieut. F. W. Hallowes
Calcutta	84	Flag-ship	Rear Admiral Sir M. Seymour, K.C.B. / Wm. K. Hall
Cormorant	6	Sc-st g-vl	Thos: Saumarez
Coromandel	5	St-vessel	Lieut. S. Douglas
Firm (81)	3	Gun-boat	Lieut. B. G. W. Nicolas
Furious	16	P-wl st-fri	Sherard Osborn, C.B.
Fury	6	P-wl st-vl	C. T. Leckie
Hesper	4	Sc-st sto-s	W. H. Fawckner
Leven (84)	5	Gun-boat	Lieut. J. S. Hudson
Nimrod	6	Sc-st g-vl	Roderick Dew
Opossum (94)	4	Gun-boat	C. A. Campbell
Pique	40	Frigate	Sir F. W. Nicolson, Bart.
Slaney (83)	5	Gun-boat	Lieut. A. H. Hoskins
Staunch (91)	3	Gun-boat	Lieut. L. Wildman
Surprise	4	sc-st vssl	Saml. G. Cresswell
—French—			
Audacieuse	50	Frigate	Vrignaud
Avalanche	6	Gun-boat	Lafond
Dragonne	6	Gun-boat	Brou
Durance	12	Steamer	Trébuchet
Fusée	6	Gun-boat	de Carpégna
Meurthe	12	Steamer	Dariès
Mitraille	6	Gun-boat	Berranger
Némésis	50	Frigate	Rr.-Adm: R. de Genouilly / Reynaud
Phlégéton	8	Steamer	Lévèque
Primauguet	8	Steamer	Thoyon
Rémi	..	Ch-str	Laen
—American—			
Antelope	..	Ch-str,	Lynch
Minnesota	41	St-frigate	S. F. DuPont
Mississippi	13	St-frigate	Wm. C. Nicholson
—Russian—			
America	6	Steamer	Chihachoff

SHANGHAE LIBRARY.

List of Books received this Mail.

1205—Alison's History of Europe since 1815, Vol. VII.
1355—The Correspondence of Horace Walpole,—Vol. VIII.
1888—China, Australia and the Pacific, by J. D'Ewes.
1889—The Wellington Supplementary Despatches—India.
1890—Below the Surface, 3 vols.
1891—Quits by the Authoress of the Initials.
1892—Sir Erskine Perry's Birds' Eye View of India.
1893—Autobiography of Elizabeth Davis, the Balaklava Nurse, 2 vols.
1894—Wayside Fancies, by Mrs. Broderip.
1895—A Visit to Schamyl.
1896—Browne's Lives of the Prime Ministers—Vol. I.
1897—Sea-side Studies, by G. H. Lewes.
1898—Mill's India in 1858.
1899—Lord St. Leonard's Hand-book on Property Law.
1900—Recollections of Shelley and Byron by E. J. Trelawney.
1901—Hutchinson's Western Africa.
1902—Atkinson's Memoirs of the Queens of Prussia.
1903—MacKnight's Life and Times of Edmund Burke—Vols. 2.
1904—Yule's Mission to the Court of Ava.
1905—Rawlinson's Herodotus—Vol. 1.
1906—Von Tempsky's Travels in Mexico and Guatemala.
The Gordian Knot by Shirley Brooks—Nos. 1 a 3.
Notes and Queries.

Shanghae, May 3d, 1858.

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COREAN and ENGLISH VOCABULARY, 1 vol. 8vo., ... 2:00
FORMOSAN and ENGLISH VOCABULARY, 1 vol. 12mo., ... 1:00
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THEOLOGY of the CHINESE, ... 1:50
On the true meaning of the word *SHIN*, or "SPIRIT," 0:50
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On the SILK MANUFACTURE, and CULTIVATION of the MULBERRY, ... 0:75
General Description of SHANGHAE and its Environs, ... 1:00
NARRATIVE of a MISSION to the JEWS at Kae-fung Foo, ... 0:50
FAC-SIMILES of 4 ancient Hebrew Manuscripts, from the Synagogue at Kae-fung Foo, ... 1:00
NOTIONS of the CHINESE concerning GOD and SPIRITS, ... 2:00
GRAMMAR of the SHANGHAE DIALECT, ... 2:00
MEMOIRS of the Life and Labours of Dr. MORRISON, ... 3:00
CHINESE PHONETIC VOCABULARY,—1 Rupee each, or 3 copies for 1:00
MANCHU TARTAR GRAMMAR, Translated from the Chinese, ... 2:00
Thom's CHINESE SPEAKER, ... 2:00
Esop's FABLES, in Chinese and English, ... 2:00
J. Edkins' GRAMMAR of the Mandarin Colloquial Dialect of the Chinese language, ... 2:00

SHIPS OF WAR IN CHINA.

Names	Rate	Guns	Estimated complement of men	Horse-Power	Commander
British.					
Acorn	sloop	12	125		A. W. A. Hood
Actæon (survg)	frigate	26	160		Robt. Jenkins
Algerine (85)	gun boat	2	50	80	Lieut. Chas. S. Forbes
Alligator (store)	ship				
Assistance	steamer	6		400	W. A. J. Heath
Banterer (79)	gun boat	2	37	60	Lieut John Jenkins
Belleisle	hospital ship	6	100		J. R. Rudd
Bittern (Tender to Tribune)	sloop				
Bustard (92)	gun boat	4	37	60	Lieut F. W. Hallowes
Calcutta	flag ship	84	720		Rear Adm: Sir M. Seymour, K.C.B. / Wm. K. Hall, C.B.
Camilla	sloop	16	130		Geo. T. Colville
Clown (72)	gun boat	2	37	40	Lieut W. Lee
Cormorant	sc st gun vessel	6	91	200	Thos. Saumarez
Coromandel	st vessel	5	60	150	Lieut. S. Douglas
Cruiser	sc st sloop	17	165	60	Chas. Fellowes
Dove (96)	gun boat	2	37	60	James H. Kerr, Master Commanding
Drake (97)	..do.	2	50	40	Lieut Wm. Arthur
Elk	sloop	12	125		John F. C. Hamilton
Emperor	st yatch	4			Lieut John Ward
Esk	sc st corvette	21	240	250	Sir Robt. J. Le M. McClure, Kt.
Firm (81)	gun boat	3	45	60	B. G. W. Nicolas
Forester (87)	..do.	2	50	60	Lieut Arthur J. Innes
Furious	pad-whl st frig	16	220	400	Sherard Osborn, C.B.
Fury	pad-whl st sl	6	165	515	C. T. Leckie
Haughty (89)	gun boat	2	50	60	Lieut William B. Paull
Hercules	hospital	10	25		Dr. Burn
Hesper (store-ship)	sc st ship	4	54	120	W. H. Fawckner, Master Commanding
Highflyer	sc st corvette	21	240	250	Chas. F. A. Shadwell, C.B.
Hornet	sc st sloop	17	160	60	W. M. Dowell
Inflexible	pad-whl st sl	6	165	378	G. A. C. Brooker
Janus (76)	gun boat	2	37	40	Lieut W. H. Jones
Kestrel (69)	..do.	2	37	40	Lieut W. H. Rason
Lee (82)	..do.	3	50	80	Lieut Wm. Graham
Leven (84)	..do.	5	54	80	Lieut Joseph S. Hudson
Melville	depôt ship				
Minden	store ship	4	27		Henry T. Ellis, Master Commanding
Nankin	ship	50	500		Commondore the Hon. Keith Stewart
Niger	sc st ship	13	230	400	Hon. Arthur A. Cochrane, C.B.
Nimrod	sc st gun vessel	6	110	180	Roderick Dew
Opossum (94)	gun boat	4	43	60	Colin A. Campbell
Pique	frigate	40	350		Sir Fred. W. E. Nicolson, Bart.
Plover (86)	gun boat	2	50	60	Lieut Robert J. Wynniatt
Princess Charlotte	barrack ship	12			Henry G. Thomsett, Master Com'ding
Sampson	pad-whl st frig	6	200	467	Geo. S. Hand
Sans-Pareil	sc st ship	70	640	400	A. C. Key, C.B.
Slaney (83)	gun boat	5	50	80	Lieut Anthony H. Hoskins
Starling (93)	..do.	2	50	60	Lieut Arthur J. Villiers
Staunch (91)	..do.	3	39	60	Lieut Leveson Wildman
Surprise	sc st vessel	4	91	200	Saml. G. Cresswell
Tribune	sc st frigate	31	340	300	Harry E. Edgell
Volcano (Factory)	pad-whl st vesl	3	51	140	J. M. Hockley, Master Commanding
Watchful (75)	gun boat	2	37	40	Lieut James A. Whitshed
Woodcock (73)	..do.	2	37	40	Lieut Edwin J. Pollard
French.					
Avalanche	gun boat	6			Lafond
Audacieuse	frigate	50			Vrignaud
Capricieuse	corvette	32			d'Abbovile
Catinat	steamer	12			de Ville sur Arce
Dragonne	gun boat	6			Brou
Durance	steamer	12			Trébuchet
Fusée	gun boat	6			de Carpégna
Lily	steamer				Borelli
Marceau	..do.	8			de Lamotte
Mitraille	gun boat	6			Berranger
Meurthe	steamer	12			Dariès
Némésis	frigate	50			Rear-Admiral R. de Genouilly / Reynaud
Nisus	brig	20			Thierry
Phlégéton	steamer	8			Lévèque
Primauguet	..do.	8			Thoyon
American.					
Minnesota	steam frigate	41	588	450	S. F. DuPont
Mississippi	steam frigate	13	300		Wm. C. Nicholson
San Jacinto	steamer	13	218		Commodore J. Tatnall / Henry H. Bell
Portuguese.					
Amazona	lorcha	6	90		Lieut J. E. Scarnicha
Mondego	brig	20	120		Tavares
Dutch.					
Medusa	steamer	18			Fabius
Russian.					
America	steamer	6	62	150	Chihachoff

N.B—Corrections of errors in the above will be thankfully received by the Editor.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Vessels.	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captain.	From	Sailed	Cargo.	Consignees.
May 9	Progressive Age	A. bark	230	Holmes	Swatow	Apr 22	Sugar	Russell and Co
.. 9	Jubilee	B. ship	764	Douglas	Liverpool	Dec 5	General	Smith, Kennedy and Co
.. 9	Mitraille [H.I.M.	g.-boat		Berranger	Hongkong	Apr 21		
.. 12	Yang-tze	A. str.	700	Dearborn	Hongkong	May 5	Op., &c.	Dent, Beale and Co
.. 12	Wild Wave	B. schr	159	Cheyne	Fuchau	.. 6	Sugar, &c.	Moncreiff, Grove and Co
.. 12	Sorata	B. bark	373	Richardson	Swatow	Apr 26	Sundries	Blenkin, Rawson and Co

DEPARTURES

From Woosung.

Date.	Vessels.	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captain.	Destination.	Cargo.	Despatched by
May 7	Cairnsmore	B. ship	1085	Bragg	Hongkong	Ballast	Turner and Co
.. 8	C. E. Tilton	A. bark	448	Briard	Swatow	Sundries	Wm. Pustau and Co
.. 8	Edith Rose	A. ship	510	Nickersen	New York	Tea & Silk	Russell and Co
.. 8	Runnymede	B. ship	720	Burrows	Fuchau	Sundries	Jardine, Matheson and Co
.. 10	Rémi [H.I.M.	chd-str		Laen	Gulf of Pecheli		
.. 11	Mitraille [H.I.M.	g.-boat		Berranger	do		
.. 12	Excelsior	B. ship	682	Jones	London	Tea & Silk	Smith, Kennedy and Co
.. 14	Formosa*	B. str.	750	Munro	Amoy & H'kong	Silk & Su.	E. Warden, P. and O. Agent

* With Mails.

SHIPPING IN HARBOUR & AT WOOSUNG.

MERCHANT VESSELS.

Vessels.	Date of Arrival	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captain.	Consignees.	Destination	Intended despatch
Algonquin	May 1	A. bark	649	Gibbs	Wetmore, Williams and Co	New York	Early
Aliquis	Apr 20	B. ship	1125	Paine	Jardine, Matheson and Co		
Arcadia	Apr 12	A. ship	705	Sherman	Russell and Co	Macao	20th inst.
Bordelaise	May 3	Fr. bk.	273	Lubis	Holliday, Wise and Co		
Carausius	Feb 14	B. ship	510	Capon	E Warden		
Cornubia	May 2	B. bark	459	Ellison	Jardine, Matheson and Co		
Cossack	Apr 19	A. bark	586	Ballard	Russell and Co		
Hafis	Mar 14	Ha. bk	499	Hinrichsen	Harkort and Co		
Hannibal	May 2	Ha. sch	142	Livoni	Wm. Pustau and Co	Ningpo	cld 11th
James Lemon	May 3	B. ship	485	Macauley	Smith, Kennedy and Co	Swatow	
Johannes Anthonius	Apr 21	Du. sh	720	Metz	Dent, Beale and Co	Batavia	cld 12th
John Masterman	Apr 19	B. ship	608	Stewart	Blenkin, Rawson and Co		
Jubilee	May 9	B. ship	764	Douglas	Smith, Kennedy and Co		
Julia	May 1	B. ship	477	Miller	Shaw, Bland and Co	London	
Laura	Feb 27	Old. bk	500	Miesegades	Wm. Pustau and Co	Swatow	Imdt.
Lizzie Jarvis	May 7	N.G. sh	422		Order		
Malabar	May 6	Ha. bk	322	Möller	Siemssen and Co		
Maria	May 3	A. ship	397	Bursly	Blenkin, Rawson and Co		
Masdeu	Aug 23	B. brig	218	Dobie	A. R. Tilby		
Meteor	Feb 28	B. str.	136	Artis	Captain		
Minna	Oct 20	A. schr	299	Moonie	A. R. Tilby		
Nimrod		B. bark	234		David Sassoon, Sons and Co		
Ocean	May 1	Bre. bg.	209	Fareelmann	Wm. Pustau and Co	Bangkok	cld 12th
Preciosa	Apr 4	Sp. bk.	254	Lizarza	P. J. S. Loureiro	Manila	20th inst
Progressive Age	May 9	A. bark	230	Holmes	Russell and Co		
Queensberry	May 7	B. ship	635	Cassady	Moncreiff, Grove and Co		
Red Riding Hood	Apr 6	B. ship	720	Rossiter	Jardine, Matheson and Co	New York	cld 12th
Sancho Panza	Mar 2	A. ship	875	Bird	Russell and Co		
Sorata	May 12	B. bark	373	Richardson	Blenkin, Rawson and Co		
Spartan	Apr 25	B. ship	675	Storey	Harkort and Co	H'kong, Macao & Whampoa	20 inst
Susanne & Elizabeth	Apr 16	Du bk.	398	Onweland	Dent, Beale and Co	Batavia	cld 12th
Tartar	Apr 27	A. ship	573	Mix	Wetmore, Williams and Co		
Yang-tze	May 12	A. str.	700	Dearborn	Dent, Beale and Co	Amoy & H'kong	16th inst
Wild Wave	May 12	B. schr	159	Cheyne	Moncreiff, Grove and Co	Fuchau	Imdt.

SHIPS OF WAR IN HARBOR.

Names	Class	Guns	Tons	Crew	Commander	Horse-power
Highflyer	H M sc-st corvt	21	..	260	C F A Shadwell, C B	250

RECEIVING SHIPS—*AT WOOSUNG.*

Vessels.	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captain.	Owners.
Ann Welsh	B. bark	341	Endicott	Augustine Heard and Co.
Ariel	B. ship	592		P. F. Cama and Co
Emily Jane	B. ship	427	Vincent	Dent, Beale and Co.
Folkstone	B. ship	406		Jardine, Matheson and Co.
Lady Hayes	B. bark	384	Baylis	Jardine, Matheson and Co.
Sea Horse	B. brig	202	Keppel	Pestonjee Framjee Cama and Co
Swallow	B. bark	343	Henderson	Lindsay and Co.
Wellington	B. bark	472	Bennett	David Sassoon, Sons and Co

VESSELS EXPECTED.

From *London*—Dennis Hill, 23rd Dec.; Wellington, 15th do.; Mirage, 9th Feby.; Challenger, 4th March; and Assyrian, 15th do.

From *Liverpool*—Spirit of the Age, 27th Jany.; Stornoway, 24th Feby.; and Bramah, 19th March.

From *Sunderland*—Troas, 15th March. From *New York*—Urania, 22d Dec.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT *of the* EXPORT *of* TEA *and* SILK *from* SHANGHAI.

Year ending 30th June,	Total Black	Total Green	TEA Total Pounds	SILK Total Bales
1844-45			3,800,627	6,433
1845-46			12,459,988	15,192
1846-47			12,494,140	15,972
1847-48			15,711,142	21,176
1848-49			18,303,074	18,134
1849-50			22,363,370	15,237
1850-51			36,722,540	17,243
1851-52			57,675,000	20,631
1852-53			69,431,000	28,076
1853-54			50,343,847	58,319
1854-55	45,385,816	34,835,429	80,221,245	53,965
1855-56	29,115,273	30,184,693	59,299,966	57,463
1856-57	12,470,686	28,443,704	40,914,390	92,160

TO GREAT BRITAIN, *(direct)*, HONGKONG *and* PORTS BEYOND. / TO THE UNITED STATES.

Year ending 30th June,	Black Tea (G.B.)	Green Tea (G.B.)	TEA Total Lbs. (G.B.)	SILK Total Bales (G.B.)	Black Tea (U.S.)	Green Tea (U.S.)	TEA Total Lbs. (U.S.)	SILK Total Bales (U.S.)
1847-48			11,372,141	19,117	226,636	1,514,151	1,740,787	
1848-49			12,310,363	15,915	616,257	2,370,075	2,986,332	35
1849-50			13,867,497	13,162	1,648,829	3,974,879	5,623,708	415
1850-51			21,687,816	15,325	3,751,899	7,316,641	11,068,540	250
1851-52			31,225,000	20,333	3,600,000	14,400,000	[illegible]	295
1852-53			28,661,100	24,803	2,934,700	19,965,600	22,900,300	524
1853-54			29,856,188	55,185	3,118,200	13,584,200	16,702,400	1,074
1854-55	39,586,059	10,428,036	50,014,095	53,965	1,154,573	22,584,308	23,738,881	
1855-56	24,668,430	8,543,424	33,211,854	56,275	289,442	20,650,537	20,939,979	1,188
1856-57	10,607,084	10,794,487	21,401,571	90,523	381,553	16,886,572	17,268,125	1,637

EXPORT *of* TEA *and* SILK *from* SHANGHAI, *from* 1st *July*, 1856, *to* 30th *June*, 1857,

Corrected from the Custom-House Returns.

Destination.	Black Tea Lbs.	Green Tea Lbs.	TEA Total Lbs.	SILK Total Bales
To GREAT BRITAIN (direct),	10,607,084	10,794,487	21,401,571	54,725*
HONGKONG and PORTS BEYOND,				35,798*
AUSTRALIA,	286,144	184,576	470,720	
THE NORTH AMERICAN COLONIES,		275,026	275,026	
THE CONTINENT,	1,195,905	303,043	1,498,948	
THE UNITED STATES,	381,553	16,886,572	17,268,125	1,637
Total	12,470,686	28,443,704	40,914,390	92,160

* Includes 10,679 bales Thrown, 1,860 Coarse, and 425 Waste.

EXPORT *of* TEA *and* SILK *from* SHANGHAI *to* GREAT BRITAIN, *(direct)*,

From 1st July, 1857, to dates.

Sailed	Ship's Name.	Tons	For	Black Tea	Green Tea	TEA Total Pounds	SILK Total Bales
Total from 1st July to 31st Dec.	1857—in 27 ships			13,737,311	2,531,486	16,268,797	25,414
Jan 10	Britannia	552	London	653,500	15,100	668,600	358
.. 15	Harkaway	898	London	734,619	296,696	1,031,315	381
.. 16	Harwood	462	London	407,502	91,325	498,827	356
Feb 2	Eliza & Hester	373	London	424,032	7,892	431,924	41
.. 12	Vanguard	626	London	604,900	139,100	744,000	38
.. 15	Anglo Saxon	700	London	635,318	217,592	852,910	634
.. 16	Mary Ann Wilson	914	London	742,179	324,594	1,066,773	857
Mar 10	Abdul Medjid	399	London	354,568	199,179	553,747	35
.. 16	Tung-yu	1136	London	982,227	401,549	1,383,776	53
.. 23	Herculean	530	London	357,700	242,800	600,500	165
.. 23	Invincible	657	London	499,055	342,340	791,395	277
.. 29	Hoang Ho	600	London	375,689	333,481	709,170	
Apr 10	Sea Star,	590	London	598,381	137,296	735,677	246
.. 15	Chebucto	408	London	173,460	256,233	429,693	56
.. 16	Star of the East	1219	London	454,258	780,888	1,235,146	952
.. 19	Confucius	510	London	447,520	63,859	511,379	626
May 12	Excelsior	682	London	185,465	557,235	742,700	863

EXPORT *of* TEA *and* SILK, *from* SHANGHAI *to the* UNITED STATES,

From 1st July, 1857.

Sailed	Ship's Name.	Tons	For	Black Tea	Green Tea	TEA Total Pounds	Raw Silk. Peculs	Other Silk	Silk Piece Goods Pieces
Total from 1st July to 31st Dec., 1857—in 9 vessels				230,416	8,467,608	8,698,024	1,172:04	5 bales 25 cases	15,475
Jan 9	Surprise	1261	New York		1,069,300	1,069,300	14:40		
.. 13	Endeavor	1137	..do..		1,096,500	1,096,500			600
Feb 4	Eagle Wing	1174	..do..		1,149,450	1,149,450			
.. 12	Canvass Back	731	..do..		766,748	766,748	18:74		250
Mar 29	Union	1012	..do..	28,575	789,254	817,829	18:75		
Apr 11	Robin Hood	1181	..do..		1,120,828	1,120,828	30.40		200
.. 29	Howqua	581	..do..		491,000	491,000	15:96		
May 8	Edith Rose	510	..do..		506,200	506,200	10:36		300
Cleared	Red Riding Hood	720	..do..	56,312	882,749	939,061			

EXPORT *of* TEA *from* SHANGHAI *to the* NORTH AMERICAN COLONIES,

From 1st July, 1857.

Sailed	Ship's Name.	Tons	For	Black Tea	Green Tea	TEA Total Pounds.
Jan 30	Cambalu	456	Montreal	43,914	584,148	628,062

EXPORT *of* TEA *from* SHANGHAI *to the* SOUTH AUSTRALIAN COLONIES *(direct)*,

From 1st July, 1857.

Sailed	Ship's Name.	Tons	For	Black Tea	Green Tea	TEA Total Pounds.
Oct 4	Afrika	362	Sydney	262,789	54,327	317,116
.. 19	Banca	243	Melbourne *vid* Fuchau	78,173	4,376	82,549
Jan 24	Lemuella	403	Sydney			392,105

EXPORT *of* TEA *and* SILK *from* SHANGHAI *to the* CONTINENT,

From 1st July, 1857.

Sailed	Ship's Name	Tons	For	Black Tea	Green Tea	TEA Total Pounds	SILK Total Bales
Oct 25	Wynaud	521	Rotterdam *vid* Fuchau	307,471	25,186	332,657	
Nov 22	Mansart	555	Havre	324,230	96,717	420,947	95
Feb 18	Cæsarowitsch	580	Cronstadt	253,172		253,172	

EXPORT *of* SILK *from* SHANGHAI COASTWISE,

From 1st July, 1857, to dates.

Sailed	Ship's Name.	Tons	For	SILK Total Bales
Total from 1st July to 31st Dec.,	1857—in 20 vessels			20,679
Jan 7	Yang-tze, str.,	700	Hongkong	167
.. 8	Rémi, str.,	322	do	360
.. 21	Lady Mary Wood, str.,	650	do	617
.. 23	Yang-tze, str.,	700	do	58
.. 28	Hellespont, str.,	330	do	10
Feb 7	Formosa, str.,	750	do	769
.. 20	Lady Mary Wood, str.,	650	do	119
Mar 6	Formosa, str.,	450	do	397
.. 21	Lady Mary Wood, str.,	650	do	971
.. 31	Yang-tze, str.,	700	do	22
Apr 3	Hellespont, str.,	330	do	100
.. 4	Formosa, str.,	750	do	1,397
.. 15	Lady Mary Wood, str.,	650	do	1,263
.. 19	Yang-tze, str.,	700	do	894
.. 27	Aden, str.,	812	do	2,274
.. 28	Hellespont, str.,	330	do	234
May 14	Formosa, str.,	750	do	1,998

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